

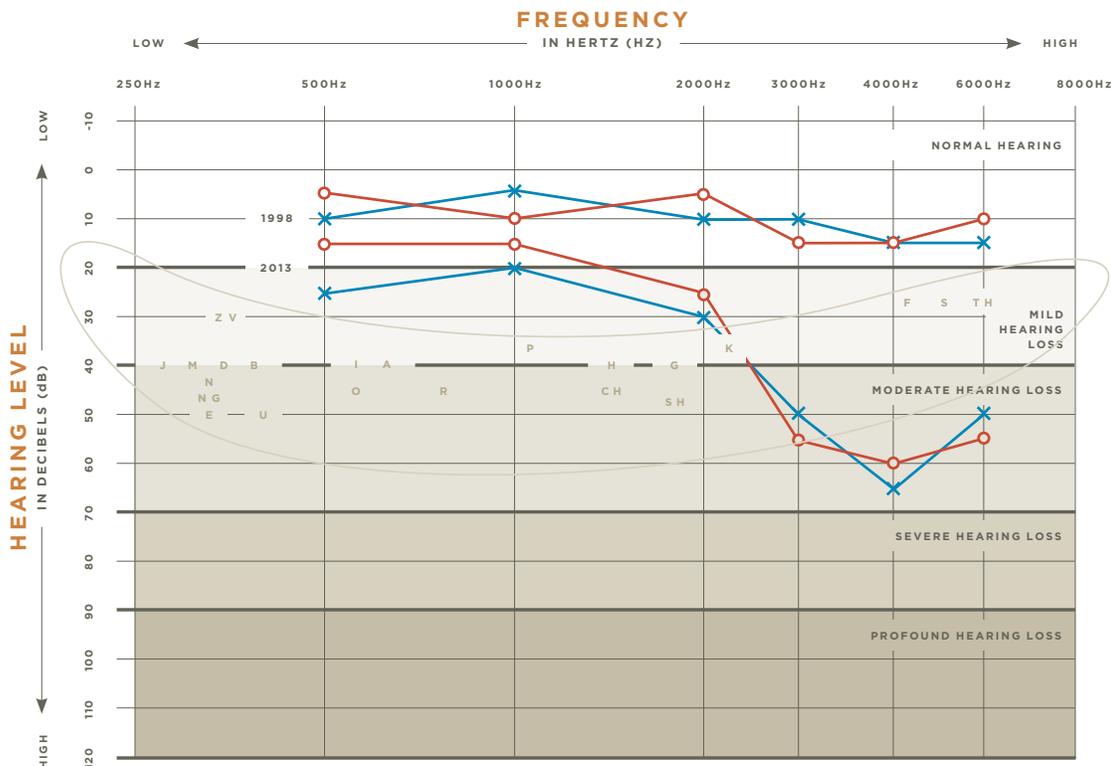
UNDERSTANDING YOUR HEARING TEST RESULTS

Understanding your hearing test results is easy. You'll need your **DD2216** and the audiogram on the next page to learn about your hearing.

- Review your DD2216 form, and find the results shown under your Left and Right ears in Section 15. These numbers represent each sound (in dB) you heard between 500-6000 frequencies.

15. AUDIOMETRY	a. PURPOSE	1 - 90 DAY				2 - ANNUAL		3 - TERMINATION		4 - OTHER			
AUDIOMETRIC DATA RE: ANSI S3.6 - 1989				LEFT						RIGHT			
		500	1000	2000	3000	4000	6000	500	1000	2000	3000	4000	6000
b. CURRENT AUDIOGRAM DATE (YYYYMMDD)		25	20	30	50	65	50	15	15	25	55	60	55
c. REFERENCE AUDIOGRAM DATE (YYYYMMDD)		10	5	10	10	15	15	5	10	5	15	15	10
d. SIGNIFICANT THRESHOLD SHIFT (STS)		e. THRESHOLD SHIFT											

- Take the audiogram and plot your left ear's results into the chart using an X. Begin with the Reference Audiogram Date results (Section 15c), and draw a line through the X's. For example, in the Sample DD2216 shown above, 10 dB is plotted under 500 Hz, 5 dB is plotted under 1000, etc.
- Repeat this step for the numbers from the Current Audiogram Date (section 15b).
- Compare the two results to identify any changes to hearing threshold levels.
- Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for your results for the right ear, but this time use a O.



Audiogram Showing DD2216 Hearing Tests' Results Above

INSTRUCTIONS: Follow the steps on the previous page to plot your results from the DD2216 results in this audiogram.

Plotting your results on the audiogram can assist you with understanding where your hearing lies in the spectrum from normal to abnormal hearing. It can also show you what sounds you may have difficulty hearing if your results are plotted below certain speech sounds (see the speech banana in the audiogram).

